IMPORTANT NOTICES

The following notices are legally required plan disclosures and are provided to you at various times during the year including annual Open Enrollment:

- Summary of Material Modifications
- HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights Notice
- Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act
- Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act
- Medicare Part D Creditable/Non-Creditable Coverage Notice
- Notice of HIPAA Privacy Practices
- Initial COBRA Continuation Notice
- Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)
- Patient Protection Disclosure (plans requiring a PCP selection)

Please read these notices as they provide valuable information to help you understand your employer-provided health and welfare benefit plans and your rights and options. Please contact the Plan Administrator or our Human Resources department if you have any questions.

If you have Medicare or will become eligible for Medicare in the next 12 months, a new Federal law gives you more choices about your prescription drug coverage. Please see the Medicare Part D Creditable (or Non-Creditable) Coverage Disclosure Notice contained herein for further details.

Summary of Material Modifications (SMM)

The benefit materials described in the plan Guide describe changes to the employee health and welfare plan sponsored by Lewis & Clark College effective April 1, 2021. It is intended to serve as a Summary of Material Modifications (SMM). The SMM supplements the health plan Summary Plan Description(s) for this plan; read it carefully and retain this document with your SPD(s) and other benefits related materials.

Notice of HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights

You may be eligible to participate in the group health plan sponsored by Lewis & Clark College. The federal law titled the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act or "HIPAA" requires that we notify eligible participants about the right to enroll in the plan under its "special enrollment provision".

Special Enrollment Provision

Loss of Other Coverage (Excluding Medicaid or State Children's Health Insurance Program). If you are declining enrollment for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself or your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing towards your or your dependents' other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after your or your dependents' other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage). Some examples of events that cause an individual to lose eligibility for health coverage (there are other reasons as well):

- Divorce or legal separation;
- A dependent is no longer considered a dependent under the plan;
- Death of the employee covered by the plan;
- Termination of employment;
- Reduction in the number of hours of employment;
- The plan decides to no longer offer any benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals; or
- An individual in an HMO or other arrangement no longer resides, lives, or works in the service area.

In addition, if you have a new dependent as result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within **30 days** after a marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

Special enrollment rights also may exist in the following circumstances:

- If you or your dependents experience a loss of eligibility for Medicaid or a state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) coverage and you request enrollment within 60 days after that coverage ends; or
- If you or your dependents become eligible for a state's premium assistance subsidy through Medicaid or a state CHIP with respect to coverage under this plan and you request enrollment within **60 days** after the determination of eligibility for such assistance.

Note: The 60-day period for requesting enrollment applies only in these last two listed circumstances relating to Medicaid and state CHIP. As described above, a 30-day period applies to most special enrollments.

If this plan requires documentation of the reason(s) for declining coverage: As stated earlier in this notice, a special enrollment opportunity may be available in the future if you or your dependents lose other coverage.

This special enrollment opportunity will not be available when other coverage ends, however, unless you provide a written statement now explaining the reason that you are declining coverage for yourself or your dependent(s).

Failing to accurately complete and return this form for each person for whom you are declining coverage may eliminate this special enrollment opportunity for the person(s) for whom a statement is not completed, even if other coverage is currently in effect and is later lost. In addition, unless you indicate in the statement that you are declining coverage because other coverage is in effect, you may not have this special enrollment opportunity for the person(s) covered by the statement. (See the paragraphs above, however, regarding enrollment in the event of marriage, birth, adoption, placement for adoption, loss of eligibility for Medicaid or a state CHIP, and gaining eligibility for a state premium assistance subsidy through Medicaid or a state CHIP.)]

To request special enrollment or obtain more information, contact:

Kris Codron, Benefits Manager 503-768-7000 kcodron@lclark.edu

Notice of the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act

Special Rights Following Mastectomy

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA). For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

- Reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance
- Prostheses
- Treatment of physical complications of mastectomy

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan. If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, call your plan administrator, 503-768-7000.

Notice of the Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Medicare Part D Creditable Coverage Notice

Important Notice from Lewis & Clark College About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare
Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current
prescription drug coverage with Lewis & Clark College and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug
coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are
considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with
the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about
where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

- Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get
 this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an
 HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard
 level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly
 premium.
- 2. Lewis & Clark College has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by Kaiser is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th. However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your current Lewis & Clark College health coverage will not be affected. You can keep this coverage as long as you remain eligible and it will coordinate with Medicare Part D coverage.

If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current Lewis & Clark College health coverage, be aware that you and your dependents will not be able to get this coverage back until the next Open Enrollment period or you become eligible by some other qualifying event.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with Lewis & Clark College and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage...

Contact the person listed below for further information.

Date: April 1, 2021 Kris Codron, Benefits Manager 503-768-7000 kcodron@lclark.edu

For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans. For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- Visit www.medicare.gov.
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help.
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

INPORTANT: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Notice of HIPAA Privacy Practices

A federal law called the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act ("HIPAA") requires that our Health and Welfare Plan (the "Plan") maintain the privacy of your protected health information and provide you this Notice of Privacy Practices ("Notice"). Your "protected health information" or "PHI" is your personal medical information about all your healthcare services, payment for your healthcare services, and your physical and mental health or conditions. (Your medical records, claims for medical benefits and the explanations of benefits we send in connection with payment of your claims are all examples of your PHI.) This Notice describes the Plan's legal duties and privacy practices relating to your protected health information, including how your information may be used and disclosed and your rights to access and control that information.

In this Notice, the terms "we," "us," or "our" refer to the Health Plan, and the term "the Company" refers to Lewis & Clark College which sponsors the Plan.

Your Rights

You have the right to:

- Get a copy of your paper or electronic medical record
- Correct your paper or electronic medical record
- Request confidential communication
- Ask us to limit the information we share
- Get a list of those with whom we've shared your information
- Get a copy of this privacy notice
- Choose someone to act for you
- File a complaint if you believe your privacy rights have been violated

Your Choices

You have some choices in the way that we use and share information as we:

- Tell family and friends about your condition
- Provide disaster relief
- Include you in a hospital directory
- Provide mental health care
- Market our services and sell your information
- Raise funds

Our Uses and Disclosures

We may use and share your information as we:

- Treat you
- Run our organization
- Bill for your services
- Help with public health and safety issues
- Do research
- Comply with the law
- Respond to organ and tissue donation requests
- Work with a medical examiner or funeral director
- Address workers' compensation, law enforcement, and other government requests
- Respond to lawsuits and legal actions

Your Rights

When it comes to your health information, you have certain rights. This section explains your rights and some of our responsibilities to help you.

Get an electronic or paper copy of your medical record

- You can ask to see or get an electronic or paper copy of your medical record and other health information we have about you. Ask us how to do this.
- We will provide a copy or a summary of your health information, usually within 30 days of your request. We may charge a reasonable, cost-based fee.

Ask us to correct your medical record

- You can ask us to correct health information about you that you think is incorrect or incomplete. Ask us how to do this.
- We may say "no" to your request, but we'll tell you why in writing within 60 days.

Request confidential communications

- You can ask us to contact you in a specific way (for example, home or office phone) or to send mail to a different address.
- We will say "yes" to all reasonable requests.

Ask us to limit what we use or share

- You can ask us not to use or share certain health information for treatment, payment, or our operations. We are not required to agree to your request, and we may say "no" if it would affect your care.
- If you pay for a service or health care item out-of-pocket in full, you can ask us not to share that information for the purpose of payment or our operations with your health insurer. We will say "yes" unless a law requires us to share that information.

Get a list of those with whom we've shared information

- You can ask for a list (accounting) of the times we've shared your health information for six years prior to the date you ask, who we shared it with, and why.
- We will include all the disclosures except for those about treatment, payment, and health care operations, and certain other disclosures (such as any you asked us to make). We'll provide one accounting a year for free but will charge a reasonable, cost-based fee if you ask for another one within 12 months.

Get a copy of this privacy notice

• You can ask for a paper copy of this notice at any time, even if you have agreed to receive the notice electronically. We will provide you with a paper copy promptly.

Choose someone to act for you

- If you have given someone medical power of attorney or if someone is your legal guardian, that person can exercise your rights and make choices about your health information.
- We will make sure the person has this authority and can act for you before we take any action.

File a complaint if you feel your rights are violated

- You can complain if you feel we have violated your rights by contacting us using the information on page 1.
- You can file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights by sending a letter to 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201, calling 1-877-696-6775, or visiting www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/.
- We will not retaliate against you for filing a complaint.

Your Choices

For certain health information, you can tell us your choices about what we share. If you have a clear preference for how we share your information in the situations described below, talk to us. Tell us what you want us to do, and we will follow your instructions.

In these cases, you have both the right and choice to tell us to:

- Share information with your family, close friends, or others involved in your care
- Share information in a disaster relief situation
- Include your information in a hospital directory

If you are not able to tell us your preference, for example if you are unconscious, we may go ahead and share your information if we believe it is in your best interest. We may also share your information when needed to lessen a serious and imminent threat to health or safety.

In these cases, we never share your information unless you give us written permission:

- Marketing purposes
- Sale of your information
- Most sharing of psychotherapy notes

In the case of fundraising:

■ We may contact you for fundraising efforts, but you can tell us not to contact you again.

Our Uses and Disclosures

How do we typically use or share your health information?

We typically use or share your health information in the following ways.

Treat you

We can use your health information and share it with other professionals who are treating you. Example: A doctor treating you for an injury asks another doctor about your overall health condition.

Run our organization

We can use and share your health information to run our practice, improve your care, and contact you when necessary. Example: We use health information about you to manage your treatment and services.

Bill for your services

We can use and share your health information to bill and get payment from health plans or other entities.

Example: We give information about you to your health insurance plan so it will pay for your services.

How else can we use or share your health information?

We are allowed or required to share your information in other ways – usually in ways that contribute to the public good, such as public health and research. We have to meet many conditions in the law before we can share your information for these purposes. For more information see: www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/understanding/consumers/index.html.

Help with public health and safety issues

We can share health information about you for certain situations such as:

- Preventing disease
- Helping with product recalls
- Reporting adverse reactions to medications
- Reporting suspected abuse, neglect, or domestic violence
- Preventing or reducing a serious threat to anyone's health or safety

Do research

We can use or share your information for health research.

Comply with the law

We will share information about you if state or federal laws require it, including with the Department of Health and Human Services if it wants to see that we're complying with federal privacy law.

Respond to organ and tissue donation requests

We can share health information about you with organ procurement organizations.

Work with a medical examiner or funeral director

We can share health information with a coroner, medical examiner, or funeral director when an individual dies.

Address workers' compensation, law enforcement, and other government requests

We can use or share health information about you:

- For workers' compensation claims
- For law enforcement purposes or with a law enforcement official
- With health oversight agencies for activities authorized by law
- For special government functions such as military, national security, and presidential protective services

Respond to lawsuits and legal actions

We can share health information about you in response to a court or administrative order, or in response to a subpoena.

Our Responsibilities

- We are required by law to maintain the privacy and security of your protected health information.
- We will let you know promptly if a breach occurs that may have compromised the privacy or security of your information.
- We must follow the duties and privacy practices described in this notice and give you a copy of it.
- We will not use or share your information other than as described here unless you tell us we can in writing. If you tell us we can, you may change your mind at any time. Let us know in writing if you change your mind.

For more information see: www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/understanding/consumers/noticepp.html.

Changes to the Terms of this Notice

We can change the terms of this notice, and the changes will apply to all information we have about you. The new notice will be available upon request, in our office, and on our web site.

This Notice explains your privacy rights with respect to the Plan. This Notice does not create any right to employment for any individual, nor does it change the Company's right to discipline or discharge any of its employees in accordance with its applicable policies and procedures. In addition, this Notice does not change any other rights or obligations you may have under the Plan. You should refer to Plan documents for additional information regarding Plan benefits.

Initial COBRA Notice – Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA

Introduction. You're getting this notice because you recently gained coverage under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice has important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. This notice explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect your right to get it. When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan's Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

What is COBRA continuation coverage?

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when it would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a "qualifying event." Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you're an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you're the spouse of an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;

- Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a "dependent child."

When is COBRA continuation coverage available?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. The employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the following qualifying events:

- The end of employment or reduction of hours of employment;
- Death of the employee;
- If the plan provides retiree coverage: Commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the employer; or
- The employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs. You must provide this notice to the Plan Administrator.

How is COBRA continuation coverage provided?

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended:

- Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage. If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by Social Security to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to get up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage.
- Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage. If your family experiences another qualifying event during the 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children getting COBRA continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies; becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); gets divorced or legally separated; or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child. This extension is only available if the second qualifying event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov.

If you have questions

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit www.dol.gov/ebsa. Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website. For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Keep your Plan informed of address changes

To protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

Plan contact information

Kris Codron, Benefits Manager 503-768-7000 kcodron@lclark.edu

Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial 1-877-KIDS NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2019. Contact your State for more information on eligibility —

ALABAMA – Medicaid	FLORIDA – Medicaid
Website: http://myalhipp.com/	Website: http://flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/
Phone: 1-855-692-5447	Phone: 1-877-357-3268

ALASKA – Medicaid	GEORGIA – Medicaid
The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program	Website: http://dch.georgia.gov/medicaid
Website: http://myakhipp.com/	- Click on Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP)
Phone: 1-866-251-4861	Phone: 404-656-4507
Email: <u>CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com</u>	
Medicaid Eligibility:	
http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx	
ARKANSAS – Medicaid	INDIANA – Medicaid
Website: http://myarhipp.com/	Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64
Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)	Website: http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/
	Phone: 1-877-438-4479
	All other Medicaid
	Website: http://www.indianamedicaid.com
	Phone 1-800-403-0864
COLORADO – Health First Colorado	
(Colorado's Medicaid Program) &	IOWA – Medicaid
Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)	
Health First Colorado Website:	Website:
https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/	http://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members/medicaid-a-to-
Health First Colorado Member Contact Center:	<u>z/hipp</u>
1-800-221-3943/ State Relay 711	Phone: 1-888-346-9562
CHP+: Colorado.gov/HCPF/Child-Health-Plan-Plus	
CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/	
State Relay 711	

KANSAS – Medicaid	NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid
Website: http://www.kdheks.gov/hcf/	Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/ombp/nhhpp/
Phone: 1-785-296-3512	Phone: 603-271-5218
	Hotline: NH Medicaid Service Center at 1-888-901-
	4999
KENTUCKY – Medicaid	NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: http://chfs.ky.gov/dms/default.htm	Medicaid Website:
Phone: 1-800-635-2570	http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/
	dmahs/clients/medicaid/
	Medicaid Phone: 609-631-2392
	CHIP Website: http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html
	CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710
LOUISIANA – Medicaid	NEW YORK – Medicaid
Website:	Website:
http://dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/331	https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/
Phone: 1-888-695-2447	Phone: 1-800-541-2831
MAINE – Medicaid	NORTH CAROLINA – Medicaid
Website: http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/public-	Website: https://dma.ncdhhs.gov/
assistance/index.html	Phone: 919-855-4100
Phone: 1-800-442-6003	
TTY: Maine relay 711	
MASSACHUSETTS – Medicaid and CHIP	NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid
Website:	Website:
http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/masshealt	http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid
<u>h/</u>	
Phone: 1-800-862-4840	Phone: 1-844-854-4825
MINNESOTA – Medicaid	OKLAHOMA – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: http://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-	Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org
serve/seniors/health-care/health-care-	Phone: 1-888-365-3742
programs/programs-and-services/medical-assistance.jsp	
Phone: 1-800-657-3739	

MISSOURI – Medicaid	OREGON – Medicaid
Website:	Website:
https://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.ht	http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx
<u>m</u>	http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-es.html
Phone: 573-751-2005	Phone: 1-800-699-9075
MONTANA – Medicaid	PENNSYLVANIA – Medicaid
Website:	Website:
http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP	http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/medicalassistance/hea
Phone: 1-800-694-3084	lthinsurancepremiumpaymenthippprogram/index.htm
	Phone: 1-800-692-7462
NEBRASKA – Medicaid	RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid
Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov	Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/
Phone: (855) 632-7633	Phone: 855-697-4347
Lincoln: (402) 473-7000	
Omaha: (402) 595-1178	
NEVADA – Medicaid	SOUTH CAROLINA – Medicaid
Medicaid Website: https://dhcfp.nv.gov	Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov
Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900	Phone: 1-888-549-0820

SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid	WASHINGTON – Medicaid
Website: http://dss.sd.gov	Website: http://www.hca.wa.gov/free-or-low-cost-
Phone: 1-888-828-0059	<u>health-care/program-administration/premium-payment-</u>
	<u>program</u>
	Phone: 1-800-562-3022 ext. 15473
TEXAS – Medicaid	WEST VIRGINIA – Medicaid
Website: http://gethipptexas.com/	Website: http://mywvhipp.com/
Phone: 1-800-440-0493	Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447)
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UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP	WISCONSIN – Medicaid and CHIP
Medicaid Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/	Website:
CHIP Website: http://health.utah.gov/chip	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/pi/pi0095.p
Phone: 1-877-543-7669	<u>df</u>
	Phone: 1-800-362-3002
VERMONT– Medicaid	WYOMING – Medicaid
Website: http://www.greenmountaincare.org/	Website: https://wyequalitycare.acs-inc.com/
Phone: 1-800-250-8427	Phone: 307-777-7531
VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP	
Medicaid Website:	
http://www.coverva.org/programs premium assistance.	
<u>cfm</u>	
Medicaid Phone: 1-800-432-5924	
CHIP Website:	
http://www.coverva.org/programs premium assistance.	
<u>cfm</u>	
CHIP Phone: 1-855-242-8282	

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since January 31, 2019, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor Employee Benefits Security Administration Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa 1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services www.cms.hhs.gov 1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

Notice of Patient Protections

Kaiser (the "Plan") provides health benefits to eligible employees of Lewis & Clark College (the "Company") and their eligible dependents as described in the summary plan description(s) for the Plan. The Plan creates, receives, uses, maintains and discloses health information about participating employees and dependents in the course of providing these health benefits. The Plan is required by law to provide notice to participants of the Plan's duties and privacy practices with respect to covered individuals' protected health information, and has done so by providing to Plan participants a Notice of Privacy Practices, which describes the ways that the Plan uses and discloses protected health information. To receive a copy of the Plan's Notice of Privacy Practices you should contact the person below who has been designated as the Plan's contact person for all issues regarding the Plan's privacy practices and covered individuals' privacy rights:

Kris Codron, Benefits Manager 503-768-7000 kcodron@lclark.edu

Patient Protection Disclosure

Kaiser "the health plan" generally requires or allows the member designation of a primary care provider (refer to the health plan's Summary Plan Description for requirements). You have the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in our network and who is available to accept you or your family members. For information on how to select a primary care provider, and for a list of the participating primary care providers, contact the health plan's insurance carrier or administrator identified in the health plan's Summary Plan Description.

For children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider. You do not need prior authorization from the health plan or from any other person (including a primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in our network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact the health plan's insurance carrier or administrator identified in the Summary Plan Description.